What works well – best practices

What are the challenges – identified gaps

Potential solutions/actions



What works well-best practices?

- Communication very proactive
- Build relationships between different lines of business
- Redundancy in communications it's ok to get the message several times
- Email process works well to notify airports



What works well-best practices?

- www.srh.noaa.gov/zfw
- Weather forecasters collaborative chats
- Hotline allows the customers insight into when diversions might begin



What works well-best practices?

- Utilize ITWS/CIWS to make decisions to shut off or come in
- Use various programs to get a big picture at the airport



- Assumptions that things are being taken care of by other entities during communication
- Not everyone knows how many aircraft/people can still be accommodated.



- Dynamic weather makes it hard to predict and give accurate numbers
- We have much information how to disseminate to customers
- Difficult to communicate changing weather conditions real-time



- Associating tail numbers with flight numbers
- Diversion identification on inbound aircraft



- Airlines don't always realize what airports don't have to accommodate certain aircraft
- Alliance partners/ non based aircraft being provided for



Actions Required:

- Inclusion on weather chats
- Diversion UNICOM
- Develop system to allow airport operations to correlate tail number to call sign



Actions Required:

- Communicate collaboratively within the region to relocate unused machinery/equipment to different locations in order to support diversions
- Airlines develop checklist to ensure communications are completed to all involved entities



Actions Required:

- Ensure alliance partners take care of each other
- Develop something to deal with legal liability of providing service to aircraft with no resources at the airport